

# Low power dual voltage comparator

# LM193/A/293/A/393/A/2903

## DESCRIPTION

The LM193 series consists of two independent precision voltage comparators with an offset voltage specification as low as 2.0mV max. for two comparators which were designed specifically to operate from a single power supply over a wide range of voltages. Operation from split power supplies is also possible and the low power supply current drain is independent of the magnitude of the power supply voltage. These comparators also have a unique characteristic in that the input common-mode voltage range includes ground, even though operated from a single power supply voltage.

The LM193 series was designed to directly interface with TTL and CMOS. When operated from both plus and minus power supplies, the LM193 series will directly interface with MOS logic where their low power drain is a distinct advantage over standard comparators.

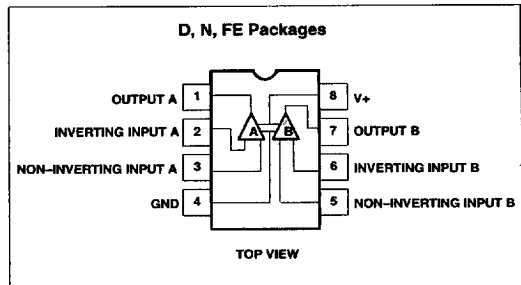
## FEATURES

- Wide single supply voltage range 2.0VDC to 36VDC or dual supplies  $\pm 1.0$ VDC, to  $\pm 18$ VDC
- Very low supply current drain (0.8mA) independent of supply voltage (2.0mW/comparator at 5.0VDC)
- Low input biasing current 25nA
- Low input offset current  $\pm 5$ nA and offset voltage  $\pm 2$ mV
- Input common-mode voltage range includes ground
- Differential input voltage range equal to the power supply voltage
- Low output 250mV at 4mA saturation voltage
- Output voltage compatible with TTL, DTL, ECL, MOS and CMOS logic systems

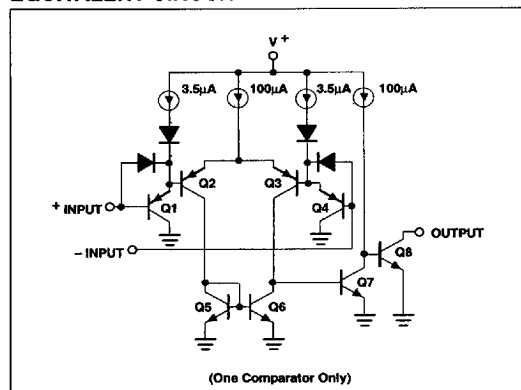
## APPLICATIONS

- A/D converters
- Wide range VCO
- MOS clock generator
- High voltage logic gate
- Multivibrators

## PIN CONFIGURATION



## EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT



## ORDERING INFORMATION

DESCRIPTION	TEMPERATURE RANGE	ORDER CODE	DWG #
8-Pin Ceramic Dual In-Line Package (Cerdip)	-55°C to +125°C	LM193FE	0580A
8-Pin Ceramic Dual In-Line Package (Cerdip)	-25°C to +85°C	LM293FE	0580A
8-Pin Plastic Dual In-Line Package (DIP)	-25°C to +85°C	LM293N	0404B
8-Pin Plastic Small Outline (SO) Package	-25°C to +85°C	LM293D	0174C
8-Pin Plastic Dual In-Line Package (DIP)	-25°C to +85°C	LM293AN	0404B
8-Pin Ceramic Dual In-Line Package (Cerdip)	0 to +70°C	LM393AFE	0580A
8-Pin Ceramic Dual In-Line Package (Cerdip)	0 to +70°C	LM393FE	0580A
8-Pin Plastic Small Outline (SO) Package	0 to +70°C	LM393D	0174C
8-Pin Plastic Dual In-Line Package (DIP)	0 to +70°C	LM393N	0404B
8-Pin Plastic Dual In-Line Package (DIP)	0 to +70°C	LM393AN	0404B
8-Pin Plastic Dual In-Line Package (DIP)	-40°C to +85°C	LM2903N	0404B
8-Pin Plastic Dual In-Line Package (DIP)	-40°C to +85°C	LM2903D	0404B



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## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	RATING	UNIT
$V_{CC}$	Supply voltage	36 or $\pm 18$	$V_{DC}$
	Differential input voltage	36	$V_{DC}$
$V_{IN}$	Input voltage	-0.3 to +36	$V_{DC}$
$P_D$	Maximum power dissipation, $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ (still-air) <sup>1</sup>		
	F package	780	mW
	N package	1160	mW
	D package	780	mW
	Output short-circuit to ground <sup>2</sup>	Continuous	
$I_{IN}$	Input current ( $V_{IN} < -0.3V_{DC}$ ) <sup>3</sup>	50	mA
$T_A$	Operating temperature range		
	LM193/193A	-55 to +125	$^\circ\text{C}$
	LM293/293A	-25 to +85	$^\circ\text{C}$
	LM393/393A	0 to +70	$^\circ\text{C}$
	LM2903	-40 to +85	$^\circ\text{C}$
$T_{STG}$	Storage temperature range	-65 to +150	$^\circ\text{C}$
$T_{SOLD}$	Lead soldering temperature (10sec max)	300	$^\circ\text{C}$

## NOTES:

- Derate above  $25^\circ\text{C}$ , at the following rates:  
F package at  $6.2\text{mW}/^\circ\text{C}$   
N package at  $9.3\text{mW}/^\circ\text{C}$   
D package at  $6.2\text{mW}/^\circ\text{C}$
- Short circuits from the output to  $V_+$  can cause excessive heating and eventual destruction. The maximum output current is approximately 20mA independent of the magnitude of  $V_+$ .
- This input current will only exist when the voltage at any of the input leads is driven negative. It is due to the collector-base junction of the input PNP transistors becoming forward biased and thereby acting as input diode clamps. In addition to this diode action, there is also lateral NPN parasitic transistor action on the IC chip. This transistor action can cause the output voltages of the comparators to go to the  $V_+$  voltage level (or to ground for a large overdrive) for the time duration that an input is driven negative. This is not destructive and normal output states will re-establish when the input voltage, which was negative, again returns to a value greater than  $-0.3V_{DC}$ .

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## DC AND AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

$V_+ = 5V_{DC}$ , LM193/193A:  $-55^\circ C \leq T_A \leq +125^\circ C$ , unless otherwise specified. LM293/293A:  $-25^\circ C \leq T_A \leq +85^\circ C$ , unless otherwise specified. LM393/393A:  $0^\circ C \leq T_A \leq +70^\circ C$ , unless otherwise specified. LM2903:  $-40^\circ C \leq T_A \leq +85^\circ C$ , unless otherwise specified.

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	LM193A			LM293A/393A			LM2903			UNIT
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
$V_{OS}$	Input offset voltage <sup>2</sup>	$T_A = 25^\circ C$ Over temp.		$\pm 1.0$	$\pm 2.0$ $\pm 4.0$		$\pm 1.0$	$\pm 2.0$ $\pm 4.0$		$\pm 2.0$ $\pm 7.0$ $\pm 15$		mV mV
$V_{CM}$	Input common-mode voltage range <sup>3, 6</sup>	$T_A = 25^\circ C$ Over temp.	0 0		$V_+ - 1.5$ $V_+ - 2.0$	0 0		$V_+ - 1.5$ $V_+ - 2.0$	0 0		$V_+ - 1.5$ $V_+ - 2.0$	V V
$V_{IDR}$	Differential input voltage <sup>1</sup>	Keep all $V_{INs} \geq 0V_{DC}$ (or $V_-$ if need)			$V_+$			$V_+$			$V_+$	V
$I_{BIAS}$	Input bias current <sup>4</sup>	$I_{IN(+)}$ or $I_{IN(-)}$ with output in linear range $T_A = 25^\circ C$ Over temp.		25	100 300		25	250 400		25 200	250 500	nA nA
$I_{OS}$	Input offset current	$I_{IN(+)} - I_{IN(-)}$ $T_A = 25^\circ C$ Over temp.		$\pm 3.0$	$\pm 25$ $\pm 100$		$\pm 5.0$	$\pm 50$ $\pm 150$		$\pm 5$ $\pm 50$ $\pm 200$	$\pm 50$ $\pm 200$	nA nA
$I_{OL}$	Output sink current	$V_{IN(-)} \geq 1V_{DC}$ , $V_{IN(+)} = 0$ , $V_O \leq 1.5V_{DC}$ $T_A = 25^\circ C$	6.0	16		6.0	16		6.0	16		mA
	Output leakage current	$V_O = 5V_{DC}$ , $T_A = 25^\circ C$ $V_{IN(+)} \geq 1V_{DC}$ , $V_{IN(-)} = 0$ $V_O = 30V_{DC}$ Over temp.		0.1	1.0		0.1	1.0		0.1	1.0	nA $\mu A$
$I_{CC}$	Supply current	$R_L = \infty$ on both comparators, $T_A = 25^\circ C$ $R_L = \infty$ on both comparators, $V_+ = 30V$		0.8 1	1 2.5		0.8 1	1 2.5		0.8 1	1 2.5	mA mA
$A_V$	Voltage gain	$R_L \geq 15k\Omega$ , $V_+ = 15V_{DC}$ , $T_A = 25^\circ C$	50	200		50	200		25	100		V/mV
$V_{OL}$	Saturation voltage	$V_{IN(-)} \geq 1V_{DC}$ , $V_{IN(+)} = 0$ , $I_{SINK} \leq 4mA$ $T_A = 25^\circ C$ Over temp.		250	400 700		250	400 700		400	400 700	mV mV
$t_{LSR}$	Large-signal response time	$V_{IN} = TTL$ logic swing, $V_{REF} = 1.4V_{DC}$ $V_{RL} = 5V_{DC}$ , $R_L = 5.1k\Omega$ , $T_A = 25^\circ C$		300			300			300		ns
$t_R$	Response time <sup>5</sup>	$V_{RL} = 5V_{DC}$ , $R_L = 5.1k\Omega$ $T_A = 25^\circ C$		1.3			1.3			1.3		$\mu s$

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**DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** (Continued)

V<sub>+</sub>=5V<sub>DC</sub>, LM193/193A: -55°C T<sub>A</sub> ≤ +125°C, unless otherwise specified. LM293/293A: -25°C T<sub>A</sub> ≤ +85°C, unless otherwise specified. LM393/393A: 0°C T<sub>A</sub> ≤ +70°C, unless otherwise specified. LM2903: -40°C T<sub>A</sub> ≤ +85°C, unless otherwise specified.

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	LM193			LM293/393			UNIT
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
V <sub>OS</sub>	Input offset voltage <sup>2</sup>	T <sub>A</sub> =25°C Over temp.		±2.0	±5.0 ±9.0		±2.0	±5.0 ±9.0	mV mV
V <sub>CM</sub>	Input common-mode voltage range <sup>3, 6</sup>	T <sub>A</sub> =25°C Over temp.	0 0		V±1.5 V±2.0	0 0		V±1.5 V±2.0	V V
V <sub>IDR</sub>	Differential input voltage <sup>1</sup>	Keep all V <sub>IN</sub> s ≥ 0V <sub>DC</sub> (or V <sub>-</sub> if need)			V <sub>+</sub>			V <sub>+</sub>	V
I <sub>BIAS</sub>	Input bias current <sup>4</sup>	I <sub>IN(+)</sub> or I <sub>IN(-)</sub> with output in linear range T <sub>A</sub> =25°C Over temp.		25	100 300		25	250 400	nA nA
I <sub>OS</sub>	Input offset current	I <sub>IN(+)</sub> -I <sub>IN(-)</sub> T <sub>A</sub> =25°C Over temp.		±3.0	±25 ±100		±5.0	±50 ±150	nA nA
I <sub>OL</sub>	Output sink current	V <sub>IN(+)</sub> ≥ 1V <sub>DC</sub> , V <sub>IN(-)</sub> = 0, V <sub>O</sub> ≤ 1.5V <sub>DC</sub> T <sub>A</sub> =25°C	6.0	16		6.0	16		mA
	Output leakage current	V <sub>IN(+)</sub> ≥ 1V <sub>DC</sub> , V <sub>IN(-)</sub> = 0, V <sub>O</sub> = 5V <sub>DC</sub> T <sub>A</sub> =25°C V <sub>O</sub> = 30V <sub>DC</sub> over temp.		0.1	1.0		0.1	1.0	nA μA
I <sub>CC</sub>	Supply current	R <sub>L</sub> = ∞ on both comparators, T <sub>A</sub> =25°C		0.8	1		0.8	1	mA
		R <sub>L</sub> = ∞ on both comparators, V <sub>+</sub> = 30V			2.5			2.5	mA
A <sub>v</sub>	Voltage gain	R <sub>L</sub> ≥ 15kΩ, V <sub>+</sub> = 15V <sub>DC</sub>	50	200		50	200		V/mV
V <sub>OL</sub>	Saturation voltage	V <sub>IN(-)</sub> ≥ 1V <sub>DC</sub> , V <sub>IN(+)</sub> = 0, I <sub>SINK</sub> ≤ 4mA T <sub>A</sub> =25°C Over temp.		250	400 700		250	400 700	mV mV
t <sub>LSR</sub>	Large signal response time	V <sub>IN</sub> = TTL logic swing, V <sub>REF</sub> = 1.4V <sub>DC</sub> , V <sub>RL</sub> = 5V <sub>DC</sub> R <sub>L</sub> = 5.1kΩ, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C		300			300		ns
t <sub>R</sub>	Response time <sup>5</sup>	V <sub>RL</sub> = 5V <sub>DC</sub> , R <sub>L</sub> = 5.1kΩ T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C		1.3			1.3		μs

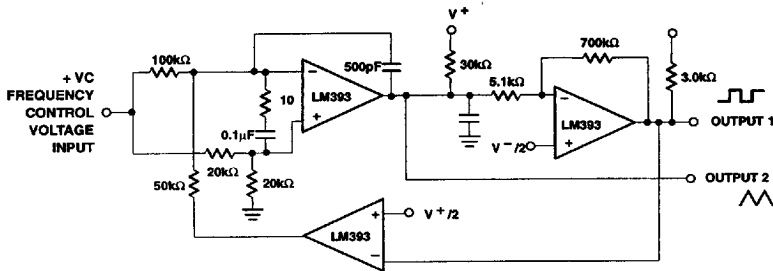
**NOTES:**

- Positive excursions of input voltage may exceed the power supply level by 17V. As long as the other voltage remains within the common-mode range, the comparator will provide a proper output state. The low input voltage state must not be less than -0.3V<sub>DC</sub> (V<sub>DC</sub> below the magnitude of the negative power supply, if used).
- At output switch point, V<sub>O</sub> = 1.4V<sub>DC</sub>, R<sub>S</sub> = 0Ω with V<sub>+</sub> from 5V<sub>DC</sub> to 30V<sub>DC</sub> and over the full input common-mode range (0V<sub>DC</sub> to V<sub>+</sub>-1.5V<sub>DC</sub>).
- The input common-mode voltage or either input signal voltage should not be allowed to go negative by more than 0.3V. The upper end of the common-mode voltage range is V<sub>+</sub>-1.5V, but either or both inputs can go to 30V<sub>DC</sub> without damage.
- The direction of the input current is out of the IC due to the PNP input stage. This current is essentially constant, independent of the state of the output so no loading change exists on the reference or input lines.
- The response time specified is for a 100mV input step with a 5mV overdrive.
- For input signals that exceed V<sub>CC</sub>, only the over-driven comparator is affected. With a 5V supply, V<sub>IN</sub> should be limited to 25V maximum, and a limiting resistor should be used on all inputs that might exceed the positive supply.

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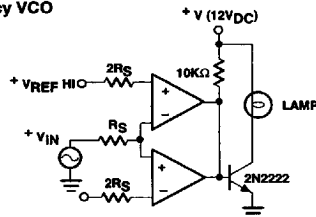
# LM193/A/293/A/393/A/2903

## EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT

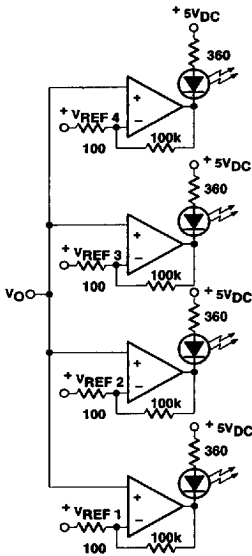


**NOTES:**  
 $V+ = 30VDC$   
 $+ 250mVDC \leq V_C = 50VDC$   
 $700Hz \leq f_O = 100kHz$

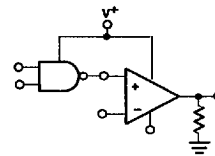
Two-Decade High-Frequency VCO



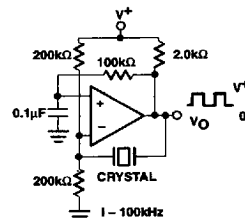
Limit Comparator



Visible Voltage Indicator



TTL-to-MOS Logic Converter



Crystal-Controlled Oscillator

**NOTE:**  
 Input of unused comparators should be grounded.

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TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

